



Coaxial Series 00 NIM-CAMAC CD/N 549 Connectors Dear Customers,

Fundamental research in particle physics as practised within CERN and other nuclear research establishments requires more and more complex equipment of high performance in order to achieve the objectives. The needs of such research contribute to the development of leading products for the whole of industry.

For many years LEMO has participated in this evolution. This has resulted in a range of miniature coaxial connectors (50  $\Omega$ ) with a push-pull self-latching system, the LEMO 00.250 Series. These connectors now form the basis of the NIM-CAMAC CD/N 549 standard.

The LEMO 00.250 Series is now used in many areas such as: telecommunications, sensors, medical equipment, space research, etc...

The miniature push-pull self-latching system, combined with higher electrical performance, proven quality and aesthetic appearance, results in these connectors being continually specified for new applications.

The programme covered in this catalogue now includes more than 50 models suitable for many cable types.

To meet all your needs in push-pull self-latching connectors, LEMO has extensive Research & Development facilities and is able to propose prompt and successful solutions.

LEMO renewed its SQS Certificate according to ISO 9001/EN 29001 in June 1993 and is continually improving its "quality" culture incorporating the TQEM philosophy (Total Quality Environmental Management). Our primary concerns are zero-defect product quality together with respect of environment and customer service.



LEMO S.A.

**General Management** 





Short Form Catalogue



\* Catalogs not available at press time

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rooning	Spanner for nuts	3	1
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# **General Production Programme**

Connectors	<ul> <li>Unipole from 2 to 150 Amps Coaxial 50 and 75 Ω</li> <li>Coaxial 50 Ω (NIM-CAMAC) Coaxial 50 Ω for frequency up to 12 GHz Coaxial 50 Ω SMA Multicoaxial 50 and 75 Ω Multipole from 2 to 106 contacts</li> </ul>	Patch Panels	For audio-mono applications: triax or 3 contacts (with or without commutator) For audio-stereo applications: quadrax or 6 contacts For video applications: coax 75 $\Omega$ For video HDTV applications: 3 coax 75 $\Omega$ + 2LV For fibre optic applications
	High Voltage 3, 5, 8, 10, 15, 30, and 50 kV dc Multi High Voltage 3, 5, and 10 kV dc Triaxial 50 and 75 Ω Quadrax Mixed: High Voltage (HV) + Low Voltage (LV) Mixed: Coax + LV Thermocouple Multithermocouple Fibre optic singlemode Fibre optic singlemode Mixed: fibre optic + LV For OPTABALL® fibre optic singlemode Fluidic Multifluidic Multifluidic + LV Subminiature Miniature	Accessories	Insulator for crimp contacts Crimp contacts Coaxial contacts Fibre optic contacts Fibre optic ferrules Caps Strain relief Insulating washers Double plastic panel washers Locking washers Tapered washers Hexagonal nuts Round nuts Conical nuts Earthing washers Lead-through with cable collet
	<ul> <li>Plastic</li> <li>Printed circuit board Remote handling</li> <li>Watertight</li> <li>Sealed (pressure and/or vacuum)</li> <li>With plastic outer shell</li> <li>With aluminium outer shell</li> <li>With stainless steel outer shell</li> </ul>	Tools	<ul> <li>Spanners</li> <li>Crimping tools Positioners</li> <li>Crimping dies</li> <li>Extractors Fibre optic termination workstation Fibre optic polishing tools</li> </ul>
Adaptors	<ul> <li>With special radiation resistant insulator material With screw thread coupling for very high pressure</li> <li>With microswitch</li> <li>For BNC, C, UHF, N, CINCH connectors</li> </ul>	On request	<ul> <li>Filtered connectors</li> <li>Connectors with special alloy housing</li> <li>Mixed special connectors</li> <li>Assembly onto cable</li> </ul>
•	<ul> <li>For GEN-RADIO, SMA connectors</li> <li>For TNC connectors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Connectors, a</li> </ul>	ccessories, and tools found in this catalogue.





# LEMO's Push-Pull Self-Latching Connecting System

This self-latching system is renowned worldwide for its easy and quick mating and unmating features. It provides absolute security against vibration, shock or pull on the cable, and facilitates operation in a very limited space.



# **Mechanical Connecting Characteristics**



Notes: the forces were measured on outer shells not fitted with contacts.

The mechanical endurance represents the number of cycles after which the latching system is still effective (1 cycle = 1 latching/unlatching – 300 cycles per hour). Mechanical endurance: 5000 cycles.

The values were measured according to the standard MIL-STD-1344A method 2013.1.

- Fv: average latching force = 9 N
- Fd: average unmating force with axial pull on the outer release sleeve = 7 N
- Fa: average pull force with axial pull on the collet nut = 120 N

1N = 0,102 kg.

# Series and Types

												Турез	S									
	Series	Unipole	Coaxial 50 Ω	Coaxial 75 Ω	Multipole	High Voltage	Triaxial 50 $\Omega$	Triaxial 75 $\Omega$	Quadrax	Multi High Voltage (Keyed series)	Multi High Voltage	Multi Coaxial	Mixed HV + LV	Mixed Coax + LV	Mixed Triax + LV	Fibre Optic (single fibre)	Multi Fibre Optic	Mixed FO + LV	Fluidic	Multifluidic	Mixed fluidic + LV	Thermocouple
	01																					
	00						•												•			
	R0		•																			
	0A		•	•																		
	05																					
	1S		•	•	•	•	•															•
	2S	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•									•
	3S		•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•								
Standard	4S	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•								
	5S	•	•	•	•						•	•	•	•								
	6S				•							•										
	1D								•													
	2C		•		•																	
	4A																					
	1Y																					
	3Y					•																
	6Y					٠																
	0E				•		•															٠
	1E	•	•	٠	٠	٠	٠															٠
	2E	•																				•
	3E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•								
Watertight	4E	•	•	•	•		•	•					•	•								
	5E	•			•						•	•	•	•								
	6E				•							•		•								
	31			•				•														
	4M						•	•														
	00				•											•						
	0B				•								-			•			•			•
	1B				•								•									•
Keyed	2D 3B				•								•	•				•			•	•
	4B																•					
	5B				•					•		•	•	•	•		•	-		•	•	
	2G				•	<u> </u>			-											<u> </u>		
	0K		1										1									•
	1K				•								•						-			•
Keved	2K				•								•	•				•			•	•
Watertight	3K			•	•							•	•	•			٠	•		٠	•	
	4K				•					•		•	•	•			٠	•		٠	٠	
	5K				•					•		•			•		٠					
Plastic	3P				٠																	
	03																					
	EA															•						
	0V		•		•		•															•
	1V	•	•	•	•		•															•
Screw	2V			٠	٠		•	٠														•
	3V		•	•	•		•	•			•		•	•								
	4V	•	•	•	•		•	•					•	•								
	5V				•						•	•	•	•						<u> </u>		
	2W																					

# **General Characteristics**



# **Outer Shell**

### **Brass**

LEMO series 00 connectors have a brass outer shell as standard, and this is suitable for most general purpose applications, including civilian and military.

The brass outer shells have a nickel-plated surface which ensures very good protection against most atmospheres. Alternative protective coatings are available:

- Nickel-chrome offering higher protection against salt air and most corrosive agents
- Nickel-gold
- Nickel-black chrome. After the black chrome treatment, the part is coated with a protective film.

### Aluminium Alloy

Aluminium alloy outer shells find numerous applications where light weight is a predominant factor; such as in the aeronautics and space industries, and for portable and mobile equipment.

These materials have high mechanical strength and

excellent resistance to corrosion.

The shell surface is protected by anodizing which is available in six colours: blue, yellow, black, red, green, and natural.

### **Plastic Materials**

A PEEK beige coloured outer shell is available which offers excellent insulating properties and is mostly used in the medical industry. This material is suitable for gas or vapour sterilization.

### **Other Metallic Components**

In general, other components are manufactured from brass. However, bronze is used where good elasticity is required (for example: earthing crown). These parts are nickel or nickel-gold plated depending on the utilization.

					Su	rface '	Treatm	nent (µ	ım)				]	
Component	Material (Standard)	Nic	kel	0	Chrom	е		Gold		Blac	k Chr	ome		
		Cu	Ni	Cu	Ni	Cr	Cu	Ni	Au	Cu	Ni	Cr		
	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3	0.5	3	0.3	0.5	3	0.5	_	1	2	Notes: the surface treatment	
Outer shell, collet nut, con-	Alu. alloy (AA 6012)					a	nodize	d					standards are as follows.	
	PEEK (MIL-P-46183)	beige coloured								– nickel QQ-N-290A, or MIL-				
Earthing crown	Cu-Be (UNS C 17300)	0.5	3	-	-	-	0.5	3	1.5	-	-	-	C-26074C	
Latch sleeve	Special Brass	0.5	3	-	-	-	0.5	3	1.5	-	-	-	<ul> <li>– chrome QQ-N-320B</li> </ul>	
Crimp ferrule	Copper (UNS C 18700)	0.5	3	-	-	-	0.5	3	1.5	-	-	-	– aold MII -G-45204C type I	
Locking washer	Bronze (UNS C 52100)	0.5	3	-	-	-	0.5	3	0.5	-	-	-	class 1 (1.5 µm)	
Llove genel put	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3	-	-	-	0.5	3	0.5	-	-	-	class 00 (0.5 µm)	
Hexagonal nut	Alu. alloy (AA 6012) 1)					a	nodize	d					– black chrome MIL-C-14538C	
Other metallic components	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3	-	-	-	0.5	3	0.5	-	_	-		
Sealing glands Silicone or FPM		without treatment						alloy free or fixed sockets.						

### **Electrical Characteristics**

Screen continuity: according to test MIL-STD-1344A, method 3007.



Values with earthing crown and latch sleeve or inner-sleeve nickel  $R_1$ plated.

Values with gold-plated earthing crown and nickel plated latch sleeve or inner-sleeve.

Values with earthing crown and gold-plated latch sleeve or innersleeve.

R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	Te
(mΩ)	(mΩ)	(mΩ)	A
3.5	2.8	2.0	m G

esting current: 1A = Ammeter V = Millivoltmeter = Generator

# **Materials and Treatment**





# Insulator

# **Technical Description**

LEMO uses virgin quality PTFE for the insulator material of coaxial connectors, which guarantees excellent insulating properties.

LEMO also proposes PEEK (Polyether Etherketone). Its higher mechanical strength and excellent radiation resistance make it ideal for most applications.

## **Technical Characteristics**

Property	Test method	Unit	PEEK	PTFE
Dielectric strength	ASTM D 149	kV/mm	19 - 25	17.2 - 24
Volume resistivity at 50% HR and 23°C	ASTM D 257	Ω•cm	10 <sup>16</sup>	1018
Surface resistivity	ASTM D 257	Ω	10 <sup>15</sup>	10 <sup>17</sup>
Thermal conductivity	ASTM C 177	W/K • m	0.25	0.23
Comparative tracking index	IEC 112	V	CTI 150	CTI 500
Dielectric constant (10 <sup>6</sup> Hz)	ASTM D 150	—	3.2 - 3.5	2 - 2.1
Dissipation factor (10 <sup>6</sup> Hz)	ASTM D 150	—	< 0.005	< 0.0003
Continuous service temperature	-	°C	250	260
Water absorption in 24h at 23°C	ASTM D 570	%	< 0.3	< 0.01
Radiation resistance	-	Gy	10 <sup>7</sup>	2 • 10 <sup>2</sup>
Flammability rating	UL 94	-	V 0	V 0

**Note:** the technical data contained in this chapter gives a general information about plastic materials used by LEMO as electrical insulator materials. LEMO reserves the right to propose new material which would have higher technical characteristics and to withdraw any material contained in this publication or others from LEMO and its subsidiary companies. LEMO only uses granulated, powdered plastic materials or bars from specialized suppliers. LEMO is not responsible, in any case, for these materials.

### **Radiation resistance**



# **Electrical Contact**

# **Technical Description**

The secure, reliable electromechanical connection achieved with LEMO female contacts is mainly due to two important design features:

- 1. **Prod proof entry** which ensures perfect concentric mating even with well used and/or carelessly handled connectors.
- 2. The pressure spring that maintains a constant, even force on the male contact when mated. The leading edge of the spring is chamfered to slide smoothly on the male contact, preserving the gold-plated surface treatment and preventing undue wear.

### **Contact Material**

LEMO female electrical contacts are made from bronze (UNS C 54400). Bronze is chosen because of its high modulus of elasticity, its excellent electrical conductivity and a high mechanical strength.

LEMO male solder and print contacts are made from brass (UNS C 38500). Male crimp contacts are made from brass (UNS C 34500) which is ideal for crimping onto the electrical conductor.

### **Conductor retention method**

Both male and female contacts are available in crimp, solder or print versions.





### **Materials and Treatments**



**Notes:** the standard surface treatments are as follows: - Nickel QQ-N-290A or MIL-C-26074C

- Gold MIL-G-45204C, type I, class 1.

### **Solder Contacts**

The conductor bucket of these contacts is machined at an angle to form a cup into which the solder can flow.



### **Crimp Contacts**

The square form crimp method is used (MIL-C-22520F, type2) (photo 1).

The crimp method requires a controlled compression to obtain a symmetrical deformation of the conductor strand and of the contact material. The radial hole in the side of the contact enables correct positioning of the conductor within the contact to be verified. A good crimping is characterized by a small conductor section reduction and by the quite closed free spaces.

The LEMO crimp contacts are factory annealed to relieve internal stresses, and reduce the risk of the material work hardening during the crimping process.

During this process, an induction heating machine designed by LEMO's Research and Development Department is used (photo 2).







### Features of the LEMO crimp contacts:

- Quick and simple assembly
- Insulator is not heated during contact to conductor assembly
- High temperature applications possible
- Increased conductor retention force

### **Print contacts**

Print contacts are available in certain connectors versions, mostly for the straight or elbow sockets models. Connection is made on flexible or rigid printed circuits by soldering



# Contact Resistance in Relation to Numbers of Mating Cycles

(Corrosion according to MIL-STD-202, method 101D).

Contact resistance (m $\Omega$ )								
1000 cycles	3000 cycles	5000 cycles						
5.6	5.7	6.1						

# Thickness comparison between the outside and the inside of female contacts

Gold thickness <sup>1)</sup>								
mala	female							
(µm)	outside (µm)	inside (%)						
1.5 2 60								

**Note:** <sup>1)</sup> minimal thickness according to MIL-G-45204C, type I, class 1. A = test point







# **Cable Fixing**

Cable fixing onto LEMO connectors is determined by the connector model. This is achieved either with a cable collet system or with hexagonal crimping (MIL-C-22520F, type 2).

The collet system cable fixing is made without any specific tooling. The crimping method guarantees a good electrical continuity of the shield which improves greatly the shielding efficiency of the cable/connector link.

### **Material and Treatment**

Component	Material (Standard)	Surface Treatment (µm)			
		Cu	Ni		
Earthing sleeve	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3		
Collet	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3		
Crimp ferrule	Copper (UNS C 18700)	0.5	3		
Collet nut	Brass (UNS C 38500)	0.5	3		

**Note:** collet nut tightening torque: maximum 0.25 Nm (1N = 0.102 kg)

# Type C Cable Clamping

This system has an earthing sleeve ③ and a collet ① which is compressed by the collet nut ② to ensure a good clamp onto the cable. When assembling the connector, the cable shield is gripped between the earthing sleeve and the collet.



# Type E Crimping

The back end of the crimp nut 4 which receives the shield braid, is milled to ensure a good retention of the shield once crimped.





# Series 00 (NIM-CAMAC-CD/N 549)

# Introduction

The 00 series is a range of 50  $\Omega$  coaxial connectors. They are suitable for a wide variety of applications particularly in measurement, control system and nuclear physics, having formed the basis for the NIM-CAMAC-CD/N 549 standard. LEMO 00 connectors offer customers many benefits including:

- Self-latching push-pull system
- High packing density
- Aesthetically pleasing appearance
- Small size

- Rugged construction
- Ease of use

- Low weight
- Reliable performances
- Wide choice to suit application

# Interconnections





# Models Description

- Adaptor from LEMO socket to BNC plug Adaptor from LEMO fixed socket to BNC ARA ABB
- socket ABC Adaptor from LEMO socket to BNC
- socket ABD Adaptor from LEMO socket to BNC fixed
- socket ABF
- Adaptor from LEMO plug to BNC socket Adaptor from LEMO socket to C plug ACA
- ACB Adaptor from LEMO socket to C socket
- AGG Adaptor from LEMO socket to General-Radio socket type 874 Adaptor from LEMO socket to UHF plug
- AGH
- Adaptor from LEMO socket to N plug ANA
- Adaptor from LEMO socket to N socket ANB ANC Adaptor from LEMO socket to N fixed
- socket APF Adaptor from LEMO plug to CINCH
- socket ASA Adaptor from LEMO socket to SMA plug
- Adaptor from LEMO socket to SMA ASB socket
- Adaptor from LEMO plug to SMA socket Adaptor from LEMO plug to SMA plug ASF
- ASG
- ECP Straight socket with two nuts
- FPΔ Straight socket for printed circuit
- EPB Straight socket for printed circuit (long studs)
- EPC Straight socket for printed circuit with clearance under the body
- EPE Straight socket with two nuts for printed circuit

- **EPK** Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit with clearance under the body
- Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit (long EPL EPM
- studs) EPN Straight socket for press mouniting in pair
- on printed circuit Elbow socket (90°) with two nuts for EPS
- printed circuit EPY Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit with two vertical sockets
- ERA Fixed socket, nut fixing
- ERC Fixed socket, nut fixing, with slots in flange ERE Fixed socket, nut fixing, with conical
- lead in ERM
- Fixed socket, nut fixing, with microswitch Fixed socket, nut fixing, with tags ERN
- Straight socket without thread, force or ERT adhesive fit
- EWF Fixed socket, nut fixing, with tags vacuumtight, (back panel mounting) Fixed socket, vacuumtight Straight plug, non-latching, nut fixing EWV
- FAA
- FAB Straight plug, non-latching, riveted fixing
- FFA Straight plug with cable collet
- Straight plug with cable collet PEEK outer shell **FF**
- FFA Straight plug with cable collet and nut for fitting a strain relief
- Straight plug with flats on latch sleeve and FFC cable collet
- FFE Straight plug with front sealing ring, cable collet and nut for fitting a strain relief

- Straight plug, non-latching, with cable collet Straight plug with cable crimping FFF
- FFS
- FFY Straight plug with cable collet
- Straight plug for cable crimping with FFV improved screen efficiency
- FLA
- FLR FLS
- Elbow plug (90°) with cable collet Elbow plug (90°) with resistor Elbow plug (90°) for cable crimping Elbow plug (90°) for cable crimping with improved screen efficiency FLV improved screen efficiency
- Straight plug, non-latching, for printed cir-**FPA** cuit
- FPL Elbow plug (90°) non-latching for printed circuit
- Straight plug with resistor or shorted T-plug with two sockets in line FRT
- **FTA**
- FTL -plug with two sockets (90°)
- Elbow plug (90°) with one socket FTR FTY Straight plug with two parallel sockets
- HGP Fixed socket, nut fixing, watertight
- HGW Fixed socket, nut fixing, with rear sealing ring
- PCA Free socket with cable collet
- PCS Free socket with cable crimping
- PES Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable crimping (back panel mounting)
- PS<sub>A</sub> Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable collet PSS Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable crim-
- ping Fixed coupler, nut fixing RAD
- RMA Free coupler
- SWH Fixed coupler, nut fixing, vacuumtight

# Part Section Showing Internal Components



### Models with collet nut for fitting a strain relief

To order models with a collet nut for fitting a strain relief, add a "Z" in the "variant" position (see page12) of the part number. Strain reliefs are available in nine colours and several sizes to accomodate different cable outside diameters. They are ordered separately as indicated in the "Accessories" section.

### Watertight/Vacuumtight models

The fixed sockets and couplers, models HGP, HGW, EWF, EWV, SWH allow the device on which they are fitted to reach a protection index of IP66 as per IEC 529 (unmated). They are fully compatible with the non watertight models of the same series and are widely used for portable radios, ship installations and in aircraft.

Specially prepared & tested versions of these models are available for vacuumtight applications guaranteeing a lea-kage level of less than 10<sup>6</sup> mbar.l.s<sup>1</sup> (as per MIL-STD-1344A standard method 1008). A vacuumtight model is identified by the letter at the end of the part number (certificate on request).

To seal both the watertight and vacuumtight models, LEMO uses an epoxy resin.



# **Technical Characteristics**

# Mechanical and climatical

Characteristics	Value	Standard	Method		
Contact retention force	> 18 N	MIL-STD-1344A	2007.1		
Cable pull off force	> 100 N	MIL-STD-1344A	2009.1		
Connector pull off force	> 90 N				
Endurance	> 1000 cycles	MIL-STD-1344A	2016		
Operating temperature <sup>1)</sup>	- 55°C + 260°C				

**Note:** 1) to seal both the watertight and vacuumtight models, LEMO uses and epoxy resin. The operating temperature is limited between  $-20^{\circ}$ C and  $+80^{\circ}$ C.

### **Voltage Standing Wave Ratio**

The VSWR (Voltage Standing Wave Ratio) is the value representing the power reflected in a connection. In most cases, the working frequency range is where VSWR  $\leq$  1.25



**Note:** value for FFS plug and PCS socket mated (with PTFE insulator). Impedance measured under 50  $\Omega$  with a RG-174 A/U cable or under 75  $\Omega$  with a RG-179 B/U cable.

### **Recommended cables**

Cable		Standard		0	ther cable	Imp.
group	MIL-C-17	IEC 96-2	CCTU 10-01A	0		(Ώ)
6	RG.58 C/U	50.3.1	KX 15	Belden	8262	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
7	RG.142 B/U					$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
2	PC 174 A/L	50.2.1	KX 3A	Belden	8216	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
3	KG.174 A/U	50.2.1		Lemo	CCH.99.281.505	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
1	RG.178 B/U	50.1.1	KX 21A	Belden	83265	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
2	RG.179 B/U	75.2.1				$75 \pm 3 \Omega$
5	RG.180 B/U					$95 \pm 5 \Omega$
2	RG.187 A/U	75.2.2				$75 \pm 3 \Omega$
4	RG.188 A/U	50.2.3		Belden	83269	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
1	RG.196 A/U	50.1.2				$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
4	RG.316 /U	50.2.2	KX 22A	Belden	83284	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
3				Dätwyler	HF-2114	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
8				Storm	421 099	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$
8				H+S	G02232D-60	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$

### **Electrical**

Characteristic	Characteristics		Standard	Method	
Impedance		50 Ω			
Operating voltage (50 Hz)		0.7 kV rms	IEC 130-1 1 <sup>ère</sup> ed.	§ 14.5	
Test voltage (50 Hz)		2.1 kV rms	MIL-STD-1344A	3001.1	
Rated current		4 A	IEC 512-3		
Contact resistance		< 6 mΩ	MIL-STD-202 F	307	
Screen resistance		< 3.5 mΩ	MIL-STD-1344A	3007	
Insulating resistance		$> 10^{12} \Omega$	MIL-STD-1344A	3003.1	
V(S)M(P) (f in CHz)	50 Ω	1.09+0.11f	IEC 169-1-1		
	75 Ω	1.08+0.51f	IEC 169-1-1		

# Screening efficiency (EMC properties) in dB (transfer impedance in dBohm)

The screening efficiency is the ratio between the electromagnetic field inside the connector and a power source at the outside of the connector (or vice versa).



Note: measured according to IEC-169-1-3 standard.

#### Colour of connectors in anodized aluminium alloy

When ordering a connector with an aluminium alloy, the outer shell colour must be chosen from the table variant listed below and included in the position of the part number.

Reference	Colour		
А	blue		
J	yellow		
N	black		
R	red		
Т	natural		
V	green		



# Part Number Example



**FFA.00.250.NTAC29** = straight plug with cable collet, series 00, coaxial type (50  $\Omega$ ), outer shell in nickel-plated brass, PTFE insulator, male solder contact, C type collet of 2.9 mm diameter.



**ERA.00.250.NTL** = fixed socket, nut fixing, series 00, coaxial type (50  $\Omega$ ), outer shell in nickel-plated brass, PTFE insulator, female solder contact.



**RAD.00.250.NTM** = straight fixed coupler, nut fixing, series 00, coaxial type (50  $\Omega$ ), outer shell in nickel-plated brass, PTFE insulator, female-female contact.

Note: 1) treatment not available for the printed circuit models

 the "variant" position in the reference is used to specify the anodized colour of the housing in aluminium alloy (page 11) or models with a collet nut for fitting a strain relief "Z". The strain relief can be ordered separately as indicated in the "Accessories" section.
 available for the FFA model only

4) concerning the straight fixed couplers with nut fixing RAD and SWH, the first contact type mentioned is always the contact at the flange end. 5) used only for models: FTA, FTL and FTY.





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S 5.5

S 4.5

# Straight plug with flats on latch sleeve and cable collet FFC

Cable group

1

2 - 3 - 4

8

Note

•

Part number	Cable group	Note
FFC.00.250.NTAC22	1	
FFC.00.250.NTAC27	2-4	
FFC.00.250.NTAC31	3-8	

M3 Cable assembly



# FFY Straight plug with cable collet

Part number	Cable group	Note
FFY.00.250.NTAC52	6-7	•

M2 Cable assembly

# FFA Straight plug with cable collet and nut for fitting a strain relief

Part number	Cable group	Note
FFA.00.250.NTAC22Z	1	
FFA.00.250.NTAC29Z	2-3-4	
FFA.00.250.NTAC31Z	8	

- Note: the strain relief must be ordered separately (see page 29).
- M1 Cable assembly

#### Straight plug with cable collet, **FFA** PEEK outer shell

Part number	Cable group	Note
FFA.00.250.GTAC22	1	
FFA.00.250.GTAC29	2-3-4	
FFA.00.250.GTAC31	8	

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 $\bigcirc$  On request



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### Straight plug with front sealing ring, cable collet and nut for fitting a strain relief

Cable group	Note
1	0
2-3-4	0
8	0
	Cable group 1 2-3-4 8

Note: the strain relief must be ordered separately (see page 29).

M1 Cable assembly

### Straight plug, non-latching, with cable collet FFF

Part number	Cable group	Note	
FFF.00.250.NTAC22	1		
FFF.00.250.NTAC29	2-3-4	•	M1
FFF.00.250.NTAC31	8		Cable assembly

#### Straight plug with cable crimping FFS

Port number	Cable	Dim.		Noto	
Part number	group	L	Μ	note	
FFS.00.250.NTCE24	1	31	23		
FFS.00.250.NTCE30	2	31	23		
FFS.00.250.NTCE31	3-4	31	23	•	1
FFS.00.250.NTCE35	8	31	23	0	
FFS.00.250.NTCE44	5	31	23		
FFS.00.250.NTCE52	6	34	26		
FFS.00.250.NTCE56	7	31	23	0	

lote: the train relief ust be rdered eparately ee page 9).

M4 Cable assembly, crimp contact

M5 Cable assembly, solder contact (on request)

#### FFV Straight plug for cable crimping with improved screen efficiency

Cable		Dim.		Note
Part number	group	L	Μ	note
FFV.00.250.NTCE24	1	31	23	0
FFV.00.250.NTCE30	2	31	23	0
FFV.00.250.NTCE31	3-4	31	23	0
FFV.00.250.NTCE35	8	31	23	
FFV.00.250.NTCE44	5	31	23	0
FFV.00.250.NTCE52	6	34	26	Ó
FFV.00.250.NTCE56	7	31	23	

Note: the strain relief must be ordered separately (see page 29).

M4 Cable assembly, crimp contact

M5 Cable assembly, solder contact (on request)



# FLA Elbow plug (90°) with cable collet

Part number	Cable group	Note
FLA.00.250.NTAC22	1	
FLA.00.250.NTAC27	2-4	
FLA.00.250.NTAC31	3-8	

M6 Cable assembly



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#### FLS Elbow plug (90°) cable crimping Cable Н 17.5 Part number Note group (mm) -9.5-FLS.00.250.NTAE24 15 1 FLS.00.250.NTAE31 3-4 15 15 • FLS.00.250.NTAE35 8 FLS.00.250.NTAE52 6 • 18 FLS.00.250.NTAE56 7 15 0 M7 Cable assembly Elbow plug (90°) cable crimping with improved screen efficiency FLV Cable H (mm) Part number Note 17.5 group -9.5-FLV.00.250.NTAE24 1 15 Ο 0 FLV.00.250.NTAE30 2 15 Π 0 FLV.00.250.NTAE31 3-4 15 FLV.00.250.NTAE35 8 15 FLV.00.250.NTAE52 6 18 0 FLV.00.250.NTAE56 7 15 M7 Cable assembly



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# FAA Straight plug, non-latching, nut fixing

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
FAA.00.250.NTA	2.5	٠

P5 Panel cut-out

# FAB Straight plug, non-latching, riveted fixing

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
FAB.00.250.NTA	2.5	0

P1 Panel cut-out

# FPA Straight plug, non-latching, for printed circuit

Part number	Weight (g)	Note		
FPA.00.250.NTD	2.5			
P11 PCB drilling patter	m	• Ava	ilable	$\bigcirc$ On request



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# EPL-EPM Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit

Part number	H (mm)	Weight (g)	Note
EPL.00.250.NTN	10	4.3	
EPM.00.250.NTN	13	4.5	

P10 PCB drilling pattern



# **EPK** Elbow socket (90°) for printed circuit with clearance under the body

Part number	Weight (g)	Note
EPK.00.250.NTN	4.2	

P10 PCB drilling pattern



# EPS Elbow socket (90°) with two nuts, for printed circuit

Part number	Weight (g)	Note		
EPS.00.250.NTN	5.3			
P1     Panel cut-out       P12     PCB drilling pattern				
Available     On request				







# PCA Free socket with cable collet

Part number	Cable group	Note
PCA.00.250.NTLC22	1	
PCA.00.250.NTLC29	2-3-4	
PCA.00.250.NTLC31	8	
M1 Cable assembly		







# **PSA** Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable collet

Part number	Cable group	Note
PSA.00.250.NTLC22	1	
PSA.00.250.NTLC29	2-3-4	
PSA.00.250.NTLC31	8	

M1 Cable assembly

P5 Panel cut-out



# PSS Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable crimping

Part number	Cable group	Note
PSS.00.250.NTME24	1	
PSS.00.250.NTME30	2	
PSS.00.250.NTME31	3-4	
PSS.00.250.NTME35	8	0

**Note:** the strain relief must be ordered separately (see page 29).

M4 Cable assembly, crimp contact

M5 Cable assembly, solder contact (on request)

P5 Panel cut-out

30 563 563 500 555 2.5 maxi 58

# PES Fixed socket, nut fixing, with cable crimping (back panel mounting)

Part number	Cable group	Note	Note: the strain			
PES.00.250.NTME31	3-4		relief must be			
PES.00.250.NTME35	8		(see page 29).			
M4 Cable assembly, crimp contact						
M5 Cable assembly, solder contact (on request)						

P5 Panel cut-out

# 

# FRT Straight plug with resistor or shorted

Part number	Resistor	Weight (g)	Note
FRT.00.250.NTA00	shorted	4.4	0
FRT.00.250.NTA50	50 Ω 1/8W	4.4	

• Available On request









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Part number	Weight (g)	Note		
EWF.00.250.NTLPV	4.2			
P1 Panel cut-out				
Available     On request				





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ACB.00.250.NTM



	AGG Adaptor from LEMO socket to General-Radio socket type 874         Part number       Weight (g)       Note         AGG.00.250.NTM       20       ●
	AGH Adaptor from LEMO socket to UHF plug         Part number       Weight (g)       Note         AGH.00.250.NTL       13.8       ●
	ANA Adaptor from LEMO socket to N plug         Part number       Weight (g)       Note         ANA.00.250.NTL       38       •
45.5 - 41.2 - 5V INEF - 5V	ANB Adaptor from LEMO socket to N socket         Part number       Weight (g)       Note         ANB.00.250.NTM       61.7       •
5 13.5 - 17 maxi	ANC Adaptor from LEMO socket to N fixed socket Part number Weight (g) Note ANC.00.250.NTM 63.5 • P8 Panel cut-out • Available On request

LEMD Z)





ASG Adaptor from LEMO plug to SMA plug

Part nun	Part number		
ASG.00.250.NTC		4.9	
<ul> <li>Available</li> </ul>	quest		





# **Delay lines**

Part number	Delay (ns)	Part number
MFB.00.250.RTE005	0.5	MSB.00.250.RTE005
MFB.00.250.RTE010	1.0	MSB.00.250.RTE010
MFB.00.250.RTE020	2.0	MSB.00.250.RTE020
MFB.00.250.RTE030	3.0	MSB.00.250.RTE030
MFB.00.250.RTE040	4.0	MSB.00.250.RTE040
MFB.00.250.RTE050	5.0	MSB.00.250.RTE050
MFB.00.250.RTE060	6.0	MSB.00.250.RTE060
MFB.00.250.RTE080	8.0	MSB.00.250.RTE080
MFB.00.250.RTE100	10.0	MSB.00.250.RTE100
MFB.00.250.RTE160	16.0	MSB.00.250.RTE160
MFB.00.250.RTE200	20.0	MSB.00.250.RTE200
MFB.00.250.RTE320	32.0	MSB.00.250.RTE320
MFB.00.250.RTE640	64.0	MSB.00.250.RTE640

### **Assembled Cables**

Part number	Length (cm)	Part number
MFB.00.250.LTE010	10	MSB.00.250.LTE010
MFB.00.250.LTE020	20	MSB.00.250.LTE020
MFB.00.250.LTE030	30	MSB.00.250.LTE030
MFB.00.250.LTE040	40	MSB.00.250.LTE040
MFB.00.250.LTE050	50	MSB.00.250.LTE050
MFB.00.250.LTE060	60	MSB.00.250.LTE060
MFB.00.250.LTE080	80	MSB.00.250.LTE080
MFB.00.250.LTE100	100	MSB.00.250.LTE100
MFB.00.250.LTE150	150	MSB.00.250.LTE150
MFB.00.250.LTE200	200	MSB.00.250.LTE200
MFB.00.250.LTE300	300	MSB.00.250.LTE300
MFB.00.250.LTE400	400	MSB.00.250.LTE400
MFB.00.250.LTE500	500	MSB.00.250.LTE500

Note: the standard cable used to manufacture these cable assemblies is CCH.99.281.505 (LEMO) as per IEC.50.2.1 standard. On request this type of cable can be replaced by other coaxial cables. Other cable lengths are available on request.



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# Accessories

### Fitting of the cord

Slide the plug into the loop of the cord. Place the loop into the groove in front of the collet nut and tighten the loop.

# **BFA** Plug Caps

Part number	Weight (g)	
BFA.00.100.PCSG	0.7	

**Note:** upon request this cap can be supplied in black and the last letter "G" of the part number should be replaced with "N".

- Body material: Polyoxymethylen (POM) grey Cord material: Polyamid 6, white O-ring material: Silicone rubber Maximum operating temperature: 100°C Watertightness: IP61 according to IEC 529

- õ

# LEMD



- Body material: Polyoxymethylen (POM) grey Cord material: Polyamid 6, white

### BRA Blanking cap for fixed socket and free straight socket

Part number	Weight (g)
BRA.00.200.PCSG	0.6

Note: upon request this cap can be supplied in black and the last letter "G" of the part number should be replaced with "N".

- O-ring material: Silicone rubber
- Maximum operating temperature: 100°C Watertightness: IP61 according to IEC 529 õ

# Fitting of the cord

Slide the socket into the loop of the cord. Place the loop into the groove in front of the collet nut and tighten the loop.

# **BRD** Blanking cap for free socket

Part number	Weight (g)
BRD.00.200.PCSG	0.5

Note: upon request this cap can be supplied in black and the last letter "G" of the part number should be replaced with "N".

- Body material: Polyoxymethylen (POM) grey
- Ò
- Cord material: Polyamid 6, white O-ring material: Silicone rubber Maximum operating temperature: 100°C Watertightness: IP61 according to IEC 529

### BRE Blanking cap for fixed socket, free socket and coupler

Part number	Weight (g)
BRE.00.200.NAS	6.5

- Body material: Brass (UNS C 38500), nickel-plated (3 µm)
- Cable material: Stainless steel
- õ O-ring material: Silicone rubber or FPM
- Maximum operating temperature: 250°C Watertightness: IP61 according to IEC 529

# **GCD** Earthing cap

Part number	Cable	Dim.		
T art number	group	L	С	
GCD.00.020.LA	1	12	2.0	
GCD.00.032.LA	2-3-4	16	3.2	
GCD.00.050.LA	6	19	5.0	

Note: the shield braid of the cable should be soldered onto the back of the cap screwed on the socket outer shell.

Material: Brass (UNS C 38500) gold-plated (0.5 μm)



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Material: Copper (UNS C 18700) nickel-plated (3µm)



Ref.	Colour	Ref.	Colour	Ref.	Colour
А	blue	J	yellow	R	red
В	white	М	brown	S	orange
G	grey	Ν	black	V	green





### **FFS** Crimp ferrule

Part number	Cable	Dim.	
i art number	group	øA	
FFS.00.160.DN	1	3.1	
FFS.00.161.MN	2-3-4	3.8	
FFS.00.162.DN	8	4.4	
FFS.00.163.DN	5	5.3	
FFS.00.164.DN	6	6.2	
FFV.00.160.DN	7	6.3	

**Note:** sockets and plugs to be crimped are always supplied with a crimp ferrule. To order this accessory separately, use the above part numbers.

### **GMB** Strain relief

Part number	øC	able	Dim.	Nut for fitting the
Fait number	max	min	А	strain relief part nb
GMB.00.025.DG	2.8	2.5	2.5	FFM.00.130.LN
GMB.00.028.DG	3.1	2.8	2.8	FFM.00.130.LN
GMB.00.032.DG	3.5	3.2	3.2	FFM.00.130.LN

#### Note:

- a) for use with all crimp models and nut for fitting a strain relief
   b) the last letter of the part number "G" specifies the colour grey. Refer to the table to the left to define another colour and replace the letter "G" by the one corresponding to the colour required.
- Material: Polyurethan (Desmopan 786)
- Operating temperature: -40°C + 80°C

### **GRA** Insulating washers

Part number	Weight (g)	
GRA.00.269.GG	0.1	

#### Note:

- a) sockets and plugs mounted on panels can be fitted with insulating washers. The nine colours available combined with those for the strain reliefs makes colour coding possible.
  b) the last letter of the part number "G" specifies the colour grey. Refer to the table below to define another colour and replace the letter "G" by the one corresponding to the colour required. required.

Material: Polyamid (PA.6) Operating temperature: -40°C + 80°C

Ref.	Colour	Ref.	Colour	Ref.	Colour
А	blue	J	yellow	R	red
В	white	Μ	brown	S	orange
G	grey	Ν	black	V	green

### **GBA** Locking washer

Part number	Weight (g)	
GBA.00.250.FN	0.2	

Note: sockets and plugs are always supplied with a locking washer. To order this accessory separately, use the above part number.

Material: Brass (UNS C 52100) nickel-plated (3 μm)

# 

Material:



M7 x 0.5

## **GBB** Tapered washer

Part number	Weight (g)	
GBB.00.250.LN	0.2	

Note: to order this accessory separately, use the above part number.

Material: Brass (UNS C 38500) nickel-plated (3 μm)

### **GEA** Hexagonal nut

Part number	Weight (g)
GEA.00.240.LN	0.6

**Note:** sockets and plugs are supplied with a hexagonal nut as standard. To order this accessory separately, use the above part number. The last letters "LN" of the part number refer to the nut material and treatment. If a nut in aluminium alloy is desired, replace the last letters of the part number by "PT".

# M7 x 0.5 + 4 +

Brass (UNS C 38500) nickel-plated (3 µm)
 Aluminium alloy (AA 6012) natural anodized

### **GEB** Round nut

Part number	Weight (g)	
GEB.00.240.LN	0.8	

Note: to order this accessory separately, use the above part number.

Material: Brass (UNS C 38500) nickel-plated (3 μm)



# **GEC** Conical nut

Part number	Weight (g)	
GEC.00.240.LN	0.6	

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{Note:}}$  to order this accessory separately, use the above part number.

Material: Brass (UNS C 38500) nickel-plated (3 μm)



# **GCA** Earthing Washer

Part number	Weight (g)	
GCA.00.255.LT	0.2	

Material: Brass (UNS C 27400) treated CuSnZn (2 μm)









## **DCP** Flat spanner for collet nut

Part number	Dimensions				
i alt number	L	М	Ν	S1	
DCP.99.045.TC	70	2	10.5	4.5	
DCP.99.050.TC	78	2	12.6	5.0	
DCP.99.055.TC	78	2	12.6	5.5	
DCP.99.060.TC	78	2	12.6	6.0	

• Material: Chrome-plated steel



### **DCR** Extraction tool for plugs



Material: Aluminium alloy

**Note:** this type of tool has been produced in order to facilitate the mating and unmating of plugs and is particularly useful in high density applications.





## **DPE** Crimping tool with die

Part number	Cable group
DPE.99.123.1K	1
DPE.99.123.8K	2-3-4
DPE.99.124.3K	8
DPE.99.125.2K	5
DPE.99.176.2K	6-7

### **DPN** Dies

		Die dimension					
Part number	Cable	For	conta	acts	For s	hield	
	group	Α	В	L	А	В	
DPN.99.123.1K	1	1.29	0.91	2.0	3.10	2.70	
DPN.99.123.8K	2-3-4	1.29	0.91	2.0	3.80	3.30	
DPN.99.124.3K	8	1.29	0.91	2.0	4.36	3.78	
DPN.99.125.2K	5	1.29	0.91	2.0	5.20	4.50	
DPN.99.176.2K	6-7	1.71	1.21	2.5	6.20	5.37	

• Dies material: Blackened steel



# Cut-Out

# Panel cut-out



Cut out	Model		Dime	ension	S
Cut-Out	IVIOUEI	Α	В	L	е
P1	HGP-HGW-SWH-ECP EPE-EPS-FAB-EWF	7.1	_	14.5	_
P2	EWV	-	-	12.0	M7x0.5
P3	ERC	-	-	9.0	M7x0.5
P4	ERT	7.0.02	-	-	-
P5	Other models 1)	7.1	6.5	14.5	_
P6	ABB	9.7	9.0	15.0	-
P7	ABD	12.9	11.7	20.5	-
P8	ANC	16.1	13.7	24.0	-

Note: 1) If these models are used with a tapered washer GBB, the panel cut-out must be according P1.

Recommended mounting nut torque: 2.5 Nm.

# PCB drilling pattern



Cut out	Model	Dimensions				
Cut-Out	Widdei	Α	В	L	L1	С
P9	EPN	0.9	5.08	-	2.0	-
P10	Other models	0.8	5.08	8.0	2.9	0.8
P11	FPA	0.8	5.08	8.0	2.9	1.0
P12	EPE-EPS	0.8	5.08	14.5	9.4	0.8
P13	EPY	0.8	5.08	9.0	3.9	0.8



# **Terminated Instructions**

# Terminating of plugs and straight sockets with cable collet M1 M2 M3





# Terminating of plugs and straight sockets with cable crimping (crimp contact) M4



Note: these terminating instructions apply to the following models: M4 = FFS, FFV, PCS, PSS, PES LEMD

# Terminating of plugs and straight sockets with cable crimping (solder contact) M5















#### 1. **Cable preparation**

First place the strain relief (if to be used) on the cable. Strip the cable according to dimensions below.

Cable	M5					
group	T S L					
1-2-3-4-5-8	5 12 17					
6-7	5	12	19			

#### 2. **Cable terminating**

2.1 Place the crimp ferrule  ${\rm \textcircled{O}}$  on the cable. Widen the shield braid. Slide the subassembly  ${\rm \textcircled{O}}$  over the cable until the insulator rests against the dielectric and the cable conductor is visible through the contact solder hole.

2.2 Solder the conductor through the hole.

- 2.3 Slide the crimp ferrule ① onto the shield until it rests against the crimp backnut of the subassembly ②. Crimp with the LEMO crimping tool using the hexagonal opening (see "Tooling" on page 32). Slide the insulator ③ onto the subassembly ②.
- 2.4 Slide the assembly into the connector shell ④ and screw it onto the subassembly ②. Tighten using the appropriate tool to a torque of 0.25 Nm (see tooling on pages 31 and 32).
   Push the strain relief (if used) onto the crimp ferrule.

Note: these terminating instructions apply to the following models: M5 = FFS, FFV, PCS, PSS, PES



# Terminating of elbow plugs (90°) with cable collet M6 and cable crimp M7







L ± 0.2

S ± 0.2

Solder

+ 0 2

First place the strain relief (if to be used) on the cable. Strip the cable according to dimensions below.

Cable	M7					
group	T S		L			
1-2-3-4-8	1	4.5	9			
6-7	3	4.5	11			

### 2. Cable terminating

- 2.1 Place the cable crimp ferrule  $\oplus$  on the cable and widen the braiding.
- 2.2 Slide the cable into the connector shell <sup>(2)</sup>. Check that cable conductor rests in the contact slot, tin solder the conductor through the hole. Slide the crimp ferrule <sup>(1)</sup> over the braiding until it reaches the connector shell <sup>(2)</sup>. Crimp with the LEMO crimp tool using the hexagonal opening (see "Tooling" on page 32).
- 2.3 Place the insulating sleeve ③ over the soldered contact.
- 2.4 Close the connector hole with the flat screw ④.Push the strain relief (if used) onto the crimping tube ①.

**Note:** these terminating instructions apply to the following models:

M7 = FLS, FLV

37



### 

# **Recommended coaxial cables**

# **Dimensions and characteristics**

Standard / Part number (supplier)			Construction and dimensions								Weight		
Standard / Part humber (Supplier)		Imp.	Conductor		Dielectric		Shield		Sheath		kg/100		
MIL-C-17	CCTU 10-01A	CEI 96-2	()	Construction	Mat.	ø	Mat.	ø	Mat.	ø	Mat.	ø	m
RG.58C/U	KX 15	50-3-1	50 ± 2 Ω	19x0.18	CuSn	0.90	PE	2.95	CuSn	3.60	PVC*	4.95	3.80
RG.142B/U		-	50 ± 2 Ω	solid	CuStAg	0.95	PTFE	2.95	CuAg CuAg	2 <sup>nd</sup> : 4.20	FEP	4.95	6.60
RG.174A/U	KX 3A	50-2-1	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.16	CuSt	0.48	PE	1.50	CuSn	2.00	PVC*	2.60	1.10
RG.178B/U	KX 21A	50-1-1	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	0.87	CuAg	1.40	FEP	1.80	0.85
RG.179B/U		75-2-1	$75 \pm 3 \Omega$	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	1.50	CuAg	2.00	FEP	2.50	1.50
RG.180B/U		-	95 ± 5 Ω	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	2.60	CuAg	3.10	FEP	3.60	3.20
RG.187A/U		75-2-2	75 ± 3 Ω	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	1.50	CuAg	2.00	PTFE	2.60	1.60
RG.188A/U		50-2-3	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.18	CuStAg	0.54	PTFE	1.50	CuAg	2.00	PTFE	2.60	1.60
RG.196A/U		50-1-2	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	0.87	CuAg	1.37	PTFE	2.10	1.10
RG.316/U	KX 22A	50-2-2	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.18	CuStAg	0.54	PTFE	1.50	CuAg	2.10	FEP	2.50	1.60
8216	(Belden)	50-2-1	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.16	CuSt	0.48	PE	1.52	CuSn	-	PVC	2.55	-
8262	(Belden)	50-3-1	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$	19x0.18	CuSn	0.90	PE	2.95	CuSn	-	PVC	4.95	-
83265	(Belden)	50-1-1	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$	7x0.10	CuStAg	0.30	PTFE	0.86	CuAg	-	FEP	1.85	-
83269	(Belden)	-	$50 \pm 2 \Omega$	7x0.17	CuStAg	0.51	PTFE	1.52	CuAg	-	PTFE	2.60	-
83284	(Belden)	50-2-2	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.17	CuStAg	0.51	PTFE	1.52	CuAg	-	FEP	2.50	-
HF-2114	(Dätwyler)	-	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.16	Cu	0.48	PE	1.32	Cu	1.9	PVC	2.70	1.15
CCH.99.281	.505 (Lemo) <sup>1)</sup>	50-2-1	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.18	Cu	0.54	PE	1.50	Cu	2.2	PoF	2.80	1.30
421.099	(Storm)	-	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.16	CuStAg	0.50	PTFE	1.52	CuAg CuAg	1 <sup>st</sup> : 2.00 2 <sup>nd</sup> : 2.50	FEP	3.05	1.95
G02232D-60	0 (H+S)	-	50 ± 2 Ω	7x0.16	Cu	0.50	PE	1.50	CuAg CuSn	1 <sup>st</sup> : 1.95 2 <sup>nd</sup> : 2.50	PVC	3.10	2.10

**Notes:** all dimensions are in millimeters. <sup>1)</sup> Fire resistant according IEC 332-1.

Cu CuAg CuSn CuSt CuStAg Bare copper Silver-plated copper Tinned copper Copper-plated steel Silvered copper plated steel

FEP PE PoF PTFE

Extruded Fluorethylenpropylen Polyethylen Polyolefin Wrapped or extruded Polytetrafluorethylen

PVC PVC\*

Polyvinylchlorid Polyvinylchlorid (Qual.lla MIL-C-17)

# **Technical tables**

### VSWR effect on transmitted power

VSWR	VSWR (dB)	Return loss (dB)	Transmiss. loss (dB)	Reflected voltage coefficient	Transmit. power (%)	Reflected power (%)
1.00	0		0.000	0.00	100.0	0.0
1.01	0.1	46.1	0.000	0.00	100.0	0.0
1.02	0.2	40.1	0.000	0.01	100.0	0.0
1.03	0.3	36.6	0.001	0.01	100.0	0.0
1.04	0.3	34.2	0.003	0.03	100.0	0.0
1.05	0.4	32.3	0.003	0.02	99.9	0.1
1.06	0.5	30.7	0.004	0.03	99.9	0.1
1.07	0.6	29.4	0.005	0.03	99.9	0.1
1.08	0.7	28.3	0.006	0.04	99.9	0.1
1.09	0.7	27.3	0.008	0.04	99.8	0.2
1.10	0.8	26.4	0.010	0.05	99.8	0.2
1.11	0.9	25.7	0.012	0.05	99.7	0.3
1.12	1.0	24.9	0.014	0.06	99.7	0.3

VSWR	VSWR (dB)	Return loss (dB)	Transmiss. loss (dB)	Reflected voltage coefficient	Transmit. power (%)	Reflected power (%)
1.13	1.1	24.3	0.016	0.06	99.6	0.4
1.14	1.1	23.7	0.019	0.07	99.6	0.4
1.15	1.2	23.1	0.021	0.07	99.5	0.5
1.16	1.3	22.6	0.024	0.07	99.5	0.5
1.17	1.4	22.1	0.027	0.08	99.4	0.6
1.18	1.4	21.7	0.030	0.08	99.3	0.7
1.19	1.5	21.2	0.033	0.09	99.2	0.8
1.20	1.6	20.8	0.036	0.09	99.2	0.8
1.21	1.7	20.4	0.039	0.10	99.1	0.9
1.22	1.7	20.1	0.043	0.10	99.0	1.0
1.23	1.8	19.7	0.046	0.10	98.9	1.1
1.24	1.9	19.4	0.050	0.11	98.9	1.1
1.25	1.9	19.1	0.054	0.11	98.8	1.2